SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product Identifier
   Trade Name: Brite Zinc
   Product Number: B-200

1.2 Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against
   Product Use: Welding Process Aid

1.3 Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet
   Manufacturer: Weld-Aid Products
   14650 Dequindre
   Detroit, Michigan
   Information Phone Number: +1 (313) 883-6977
   +1 (313) 883-4930
   E-mail: info@weldaid.com

1.4 Emergency Telephone Number
   Emergency Spill Information: +1 (800) 255-3924

SDS Date of Preparation: September 22, 2015

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the Substance or Mixture

CLP/GHS Classification (1272/2008):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Physical</th>
<th>Health:</th>
<th>Environmental</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flammable Liquid Category 2</td>
<td>Aspiration Toxicity Category 1</td>
<td>Aquatic Acute Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin Irritation Category 2</td>
<td>Aquatic Chronic Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Specific Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure Category 3 (Respiratory Irritation)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Specific Organ Toxicity – Repeat Exposure Category 2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Carcinogen Category 2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.2 Label Elements
   DANGER! Contains ethylbenzene, xylene and aliphatic hydrocarbon

Hazard Phrases
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
H373 May cause damage to central nervous system, liver, kidneys and hearing through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H410 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Phrases
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces. No smoking.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.
P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P260 Do not breathe mist, vapors or spray.
P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves.
P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.
P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide, alcohol foam or dry chemical to extinguish.
P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed.
P405 Store locked up.
P501 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local and national regulations.

2.3 Other Hazards: None

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>CAS#</th>
<th>EINECS#</th>
<th>GHS Classification</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Zinc</td>
<td>7440-66-6</td>
<td>231-175-3</td>
<td>Aquatic Acute Category 1 (H400)</td>
<td>30-60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Aquatic Chronic Category 1 (H410)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Xylene</td>
<td>1330-20-7</td>
<td>215-535-7</td>
<td>Flammable Liquid Category 3 (H226),</td>
<td>20-40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Skin Irritation Category 2 (H315)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Aspiration Toxicity Category 1 (H304)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure Category 1 (Respiratory Irritation) (H335)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethylbenzene</td>
<td>100-41-4</td>
<td>202-849-4</td>
<td>Flammable Liquid Category 2 (H225)</td>
<td>1-10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Carcinogen Category 2 (H351)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Aspiration Hazard Category 1 (H304)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure Category 2 (hearing) (H373)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Aquatic Acute Category 3 (H412)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stoddard Solvent</td>
<td>8052-41-3</td>
<td>232-489-3</td>
<td>Aspiration Toxicity Category 1 (H304)</td>
<td>1-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Flammable Liquid 3 (H226)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aliphatic Petroleum</td>
<td>64742-89-8</td>
<td>265-192-2</td>
<td>Flammable Liquid 3 (H226)</td>
<td>1-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distillates</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Aspiration Toxicity Category 1 (H304)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aluminum</td>
<td>7429-90-5</td>
<td>231-072-3</td>
<td>Not hazardous</td>
<td>1-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zinc Oxide</td>
<td>1314-13-2</td>
<td>215-222-5</td>
<td>Aquatic Acute Category 1 (H400)</td>
<td>&lt;1-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Aquatic Chronic Category 1 (H410)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Section 16 for further information on GHS Classifications.
SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of First Aid Measures
   Eyes: Flush eyes with water for at several minutes, holding the eyelids apart. If irritation develops or persists, call a physician.
   Skin: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash exposed area thoroughly with soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Get medical attention if irritation persists.
   Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult have qualified personnel administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, administer artificial respiration. Get medical attention.
   Ingestion: Rinse mouth with a small amount of water. Aspiration hazard – DO NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or drowsy person. Get immediate medical attention.
   Notes to Physicians: Treat symptomatically.

4.2 Most Important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: May cause eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. Inhalation of vapors or mist may cause respiratory irritation and central nervous system effects such as headache, dizziness, drowsiness, nausea and unconsciousness. Aspiration may cause lung damage. Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Overexposure may cause damage to the central nervous system, kidneys, liver and hearing. May cause cancer based on animal data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed: Immediate medical treatment is required ingestion

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing Media:
   Use carbon dioxide, alcohol foam or dry chemical. Do not use water to extinguish fire. Water spray can be used to cool exposed containers and structures.

5.2 Special Hazards Arising from the Substance or Mixture
   Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors are heavier than air and may and accumulate in low lying area.
   Hazardous Decomposition Products: Combustion may produce carbon, zinc and aluminum oxide.

5.3 Advice for Fire-Fighters:
   Firefighters should always wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing for fires involving chemicals or in confined spaces.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures:
   Evacuate spill area and keep unprotected personnel away. Eliminate all ignition sources. Ventilate area. Wear appropriate protective clothing as described in Section 8.

6.2 Environmental Precautions:
   Avoid contamination of soil, surface water and ground water. Do not flush to sewer! Report releases as required by local, state and federal authorities.

6.3 Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up:
   Contain and collect using an absorbent material and place in an appropriate container for disposal.

6.4 Reference to Other Sections:
   Refer to Section 8 for protective equipment and Section 15 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for Safe Handling:
   Avoid contact with the eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors. Do not swallow. Wear protective clothing and equipment as described in Section 8. Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not use in poorly ventilated or confined spaces. Vapors are heavier than air and will collect in low areas. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after
handling and before eating, drinking or using restroom. Do not eat, drink or smoke in work areas.

Do not cut, drill or weld on or near containers, even empty containers. Follow all SDS precautions when handling empty containers.

7.2 Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities
Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area away oxidizing agents and other incompatible materials. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from heat, sparks and flames.

7.3 Specific end use(s):
Welding product

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control Parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>Exposure Limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Zinc (as metal)</td>
<td>None Established</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Xylene</td>
<td>100 ppm TWA; 150 ppm STEL ACGIH TLV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>100 ppm TWA OSHA PEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethylbenzene</td>
<td>20 ppm TWA; 125 ppm STEL ACGIH TLV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>100 ppm TWA OSHA PEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stoddard Solvent</td>
<td>100 ppm TWA ACGIH TLV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>500 ppm TWA OSHA PEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates</td>
<td>5 mg/m³ TWA ACGIH TLV (inhalable) (as mineral oil)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5 mg/m³ TWA OSHA PEL (as oil mist)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aluminum (as metal and insoluble compounds)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³ TWA (respirable fraction), 15 mg/m³ TWA (total dust) OSHA PEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 mg/m³ TWA ACGIH TLV (respirable)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zinc Oxide</td>
<td>5 mg/m³ TWA (respirable fraction), 15 mg/m³ TWA (total dust) OSHA PEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2 mg/m³ TWA (respirable), 10 mg/m³ (respirable STEL ACGIH TLV)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.2 Exposure Controls:

**Engineering Controls:** Use with adequate local exhaust ventilation to maintain exposures below the occupational exposure limits. Use explosion proof equipment where required.

**Respiratory Protection:** If the exposure limits are exceeded an approved organic vapor respirator appropriate for the form and concentration of the contaminants should be used. Selection and use of respiratory equipment must be in accordance with applicable regulations and good industrial hygiene practice.

**Skin Protection:** Wear impervious gloves such as viton or Teflon.

**Eye Protection:** Chemical safety goggles should be worn to where splashing is possible.

**Other:** Impervious clothing as needed to prevent contact. A safety shower and eye wash should be available in the immediate work area.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic Physical and Chemical Properties:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>Silver liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor:</td>
<td>Sweet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor Threshold:</td>
<td>0.85 ppm (xylene)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH:</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting Point/Freezing Point:</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling Point:</td>
<td>210°F (98.9°C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point:</td>
<td>45°F (7.2°C) TCC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation Rate:</td>
<td>&gt;1 (butyl acetate = 1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability:</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammable Limits:</td>
<td>LEL: 0.7% UEL: 22.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Density:</td>
<td>&gt;1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative Density:</td>
<td>1.42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Solubility:</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient:</td>
<td>Not available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autoignition Temperature:</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition Temperature:</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity:</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosion Properties:</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxidizing Properties:</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Safety Data Sheet
Brite Zinc B-200

9.2 Other Information:
None

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity:
Not reactive under normal conditions of use.

10.2 Chemical Stability:
Stable under normal storage and handling conditions.

10.3 Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:
None known.

10.4 Conditions to Avoid:
Keep away from heat, sparks and open flames.

10.5 Incompatible Materials:
Avoid alkalies, acids and oxidizing agents.

10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products:
Carbon, zinc and aluminum oxides.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on Toxicological Effects:
Eye: Causes irritation with redness, tearing and swelling.
Skin: Causes irritation. Repeated exposure may cause dermatitis. May be harmful if absorbed through the skin with symptoms similar to inhalation.
Ingestion: Swallowing may cause gastrointestinal effects, and central nervous system effects including nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, dizziness, drowsiness, and unconsciousness. Aspiration during swallowing or vomiting may cause chemical pneumonia or lung damage.
Inhalation: May cause respiratory tract irritation and central nervous system effects such as dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, headache lightheadedness, stupor, and unconsciousness.

Acute Toxicity Values: There is no toxicity data for the product. Acute Toxicity Estimate: Oral: >3523 mg/kg; Dermal >2000 mg/kg
Zinc: Oral rat LD50 >2000 mg/kg
Xylene: LD50 Oral Rat 3523 mg/kg; LD50 Skin Rabbit 4400 mg/kg; LC50 Inhalation Rat 29.091 mg/L/4 hr
Ethylbenzene: Oral rat LD50 3500 mg/kg; Inhalation rat LC50 17.4 mg/L; Skin rabbit LD50 15.4 g/kg
Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates: Oral rat LD50 >3000 mg/kg Skin rabbit LD50 3160 mg/kg
Stoddard Solvent: Oral rat LD50 >5000 mg/kg, Skin rabbit LD50 >2000 mg/kg
Aluminum: Oral rat LD50 >15900 mg/kg, Inhalation rat LC50 >0.888 mg/L (no deaths occurred)
Zinc Oxide: Oral rat LD50 >5000 mg/kg, Inhalation rat LC50 >1.79 mg/L/4 hr (no deaths occurred), Dermal rat LD50 >2000 mg/L

Irritation: This product is expected to cause eye and skin irritation. Prolonged skin contact with petroleum solvent may cause defatting of the skin and dermatitis.

Corrosivity: This is not a corrosive product.

Sensitization: This product is not expected to cause sensitization.

Repeat Dose Toxicity: In repeated dose studies, the principle effects of xylenes were adaptive changes in the liver, body weight changes, organ weight changes and altered motor coordination. Available case reports, occupational studies, and studies on human volunteers suggest that both short- and long-term exposures result in a variety of adverse nervous system effects that include headache, mental confusion, narcosis, equilibrium, impaired short-term memory, dizziness and tremors. Reports have
associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to petroleum distillates with adverse liver, kidney and bone marrow effects and with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the product may be harmful or fatal. Stoddard solvent has been shown to cause kidney and liver damage in repeat dose animal studies.

**Carcinogen Status:** Ethylbenzene is listed by IARC as “Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans (Group 2B) and as a “Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans (A3) by ACGIH. NTP conducted a two year carcinogenicity study with Stoddard solvent in rats and mice. The studies indicated there was some evidence of carcinogenic activity in male rats but none in female rats. In mice there was equivocal evidence in female mice for carcinogenic activity but no evidence in male mice. IARC has classified petroleum solvents “not classifiable as to their carcinogenicity to humans. None of the other components are listed as carcinogens by IARC, NTP, ACGIH, OSHA or the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity:** Ethylbenzene was negative in the AMES test, chromosome aberration assay, sister chromatid exchange and in vivo micronucleus assay. It was positive in a mouse lymphoma assay. Available data from both in vitro and in vivo studies suggest that xylene is not genotoxic. Stoddard solvent was negative in the AMES test, n a mouse lymphoma assay and in an in vivo bone marrow assay.

**Toxicity for Reproduction:** Ethylbenzene: In a developmental study, rats were exposed to 100 to 1000 ppm for 1-19 days after gestation. At 1000 ppm maternal toxicity and limited developmental toxicity was observed. NOEAL (maternal and developmental) was considered to be 100 ppm. Xylene: Inhalation exposure of rats from gestation day 6-20 for 6h/day produced maternal toxicity at 100 ppm and fetal toxicity effects at 500 ppm. NOEAL for maternal toxicity was considered to be 500 ppm and developmental toxicity was 100 ppm.

**SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

12.1 **Toxicity:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>96 hr EC50</th>
<th>24 hr LC50</th>
<th>48 hr LC50</th>
<th>96 hr EC50</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Xylene</td>
<td>12.4 mg/L</td>
<td>150 mg/L</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethylbenzene</td>
<td>42.3 mg/L</td>
<td>1.8 mg/L</td>
<td>4.9 mg/L</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Xylene</td>
<td>12.4 mg/L</td>
<td>150 mg/L</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethylbenzene</td>
<td>42.3 mg/L</td>
<td>1.8 mg/L</td>
<td>4.9 mg/L</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skeletonema costatum</td>
<td>4700 mg/L</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stoddard Solvent</td>
<td>72 hr EC50</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aluminum</td>
<td>&gt;218.644 mg/L</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zinc Oxide</td>
<td>3.31 mg/L</td>
<td>1 mg/L</td>
<td>2.36 mg/L</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.2 **Persistence and Degradability:**

- Xylene, ethylbenzene and stoddard solvent are readily biodegradable.

12.3 **Bioaccumulative Potential:**

- Ethylbenzene has a BCF of 15 and xylene has a BCF of 6 to 24.6 which suggests the potential for bioaccumulation in aquatic animals is low for these chemicals. Stoddard solvent, Aliphatic petroleum distillates has a calculated BFC of >3 which indicates there is a potential for bioaccumulation.

12.4 **Mobility in Soil:**

- Xylene is expected to have a high to moderate mobility in soil. Ethylbenzene is expected to have a low mobility in soil.

12.5 **Results of PBT and vPvB Assessment:**

- Not required.

12.6 **Other Adverse Effects:**

- This product is classified as very toxic to aquatic organisms based on zinc content.

**SECTION 13: DISPOSAL INFORMATION**

13.1 **Waste Treatment Methods**

- Dispose in accordance with local and national environmental regulations.
SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>41.1 UN Number</th>
<th>41.2 UN Proper Shipping Name</th>
<th>14.3 Transport Hazard Class(s)</th>
<th>14.4 Packing Group</th>
<th>14.5 Environmental Hazards</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>US DOT</td>
<td>UN1263</td>
<td>Paint Related Material</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>PGII</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU ADR/RID</td>
<td>UN1263</td>
<td>Paint Related Material</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>PGII</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMDG</td>
<td>UN1263</td>
<td>Paint Related Material</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>PGII</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

14.6 Special Precautions for User:
None

14.7 Transport in Bulk According to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code:
Not applicable

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations/Legislation Specific for the Substance or Mixture:

International Inventories:
US EPA TSCA Inventory: All of the components are listed on the TSCA inventory.

U.S. REGULATIONS
CERCLA: This product has a Reportable Quantity (RQ) of 250 lbs. based on the RQ for xylene of 100 lbs. Releases above the RQ must be reported to the National Response Center. Many states have more stringent release reporting requirements. Report spills required under federal, state and local regulations.
EPA SARA 302: This product does not contain chemicals regulated under SARA Section 302.
EPA SARA 311 Hazard Classification: Acute Health, Chronic Health, Fire Hazard
EPA SARA 313: This product contains the following chemicals that are regulated under SARA Title III, section 313:
- Xylene 1330-20-7 20-40%
- Ethylbenzene 100-41-1 1-10%
- Zinc 7440-66-6 30-60%

California Proposition 65: This product contains the following chemicals which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, reproductive toxicity or birth defects: Ethylbenzene 1-10% (cancer)

INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS
German WGK: 2

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment:
Not required

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

SDS Revision History:
12/06/11: Converted US SDS to EU REACH SDS
8/29/14: Section 2.1 GHS Classification, Section 2.2 Label Elements, Section 3.1 Classification, Section 4.1 Description of First Aid Measures, Most Important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed; Section 8.1 Control Parameters, 9.1 Flammability, Section 11 Acute Toxicity Values, Carcinogen status 12.1 Toxicity, Section 15 US Regulations, Section 16 GHS Phrases for Reference
9/22/15: Changed in formulation. All sections revised.

GHS Phrases for Reference (See Section 2 and 3):
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This sheet was compiled from the latest available information and reliable sources. Procedures are based on accepted usage. They are not necessarily all-inclusive and may vary in every circumstance. Weld-Aid provides no warranties either expressed or implied and assumes no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the data herein.